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Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2017
Power Electronics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting
at least TWO questions from each part.**

PART – A

- 1 a. Draw the control characteristics of SCR, GTO and MCT with circuit diagrams and waveforms of control signal and output voltage. (09 Marks)
b. What is Schottky diode? Mention its advantages. (04 Marks)
c. What are the peripheral effects of power electronic equipment and mention remedies of its. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Explain the following parameters with respect to switching limits:
(i) Second breakdown (SB).
(ii) Forward –biased safe operating area.
(iii) Power derating.
(iv) Breakdown voltages. (12 Marks)
b. Explain proportional and antisaturation control of a base drive. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q3 (a) obtain the minimum gate pulse width is required for reliable triggering of the SCR if gated at $\frac{\pi}{3}$ angle in every +ve half cycle. Assume $V_s = 325\sin 314t$ and latching current of 15 mA. (06 Marks)

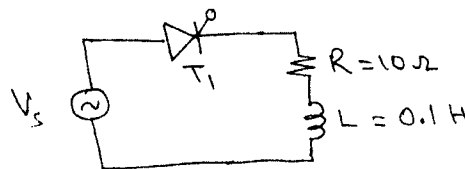


Fig. Q3 (a)

- b. Explain the operation of a full wave RC-firing circuit with waveforms. (08 Marks)
- c. Explain how thyristors are protected against high $\frac{di}{dt}$. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q4 (a), find the average load voltage and current if the load resistance is 10Ω and firing angle is 45° . Assume supply of 230 V, 50 Hz. (06 Marks)

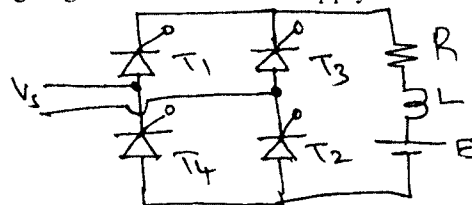


Fig. Q4 (a)

- b. Explain the operation of single phase semiconverter with circuit and waveforms. Derive the expression for the average and rms value of the output voltage. (Assume RL-load). (10 Marks)
- c. What are the advantages of circulating current mode dual converter? (04 Marks)

Important Note - 1 On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any drawing or communication appear in evaluation and of equations which are +2, 0, will be treated as inappropriate.

PART – B

- 5 a. Explain the operation of a self commutation by resonating load and also derive the expression of $i(t) = V_s \sqrt{\frac{C}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}t\right)$. (12 Marks)
- b. For the circuit shown in Fig. Q5 (b) the current through R_1 and R_2 is 25 A and turn off time of both SCR's is 40 μ sec. Find the value of capacitor for successful commutation. (04 Marks)

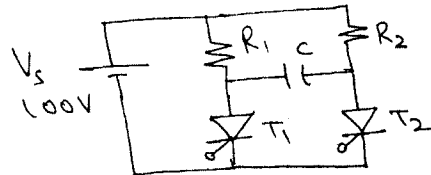


Fig. Q5 (b)

- c. Compare natural and forced commutation. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the operation of a single phase Bi-directional controller with resistive load. Derive the expression of RMS value of the output voltage. (10 Marks)
- b. A single phase AC voltage controller shown in Fig. Q6 (b) has a resistive load of 10 Ω and input voltage of 120 V, 60 Hz. The delay angle of thyristor T_1 is $\frac{\pi}{2}$. Determine
- (i) RMS value of the output voltage.
 - (ii) Input power factor.
 - (iii) Average input current. (07 Marks)

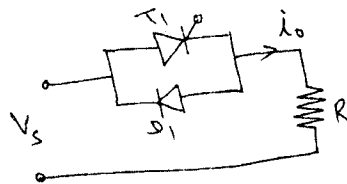


Fig. Q6 (b)

- c. Mention the applications of AC voltage controllers. (03 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the working principles of step down chopper with RL-load. Derive the expression of peak-peak ripple in the load current. (14 Marks)
- b. A step up chopper has input voltage of 220 V and output voltage of 660 V. If the non-conducting time of thyristor chopper is 100 μ sec. Compute the pulse width of the output voltage. (conduction period). (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain the following performance parameters of a inverters:
- (i) Harmonic factor of nth harmonic.
 - (ii) Total harmonic distortion.
 - (iii) Distortion factor. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the operation of single phase bridge inverters. (10 Marks)
- c. What is inverter? Mention applications of it. (04 Marks)
